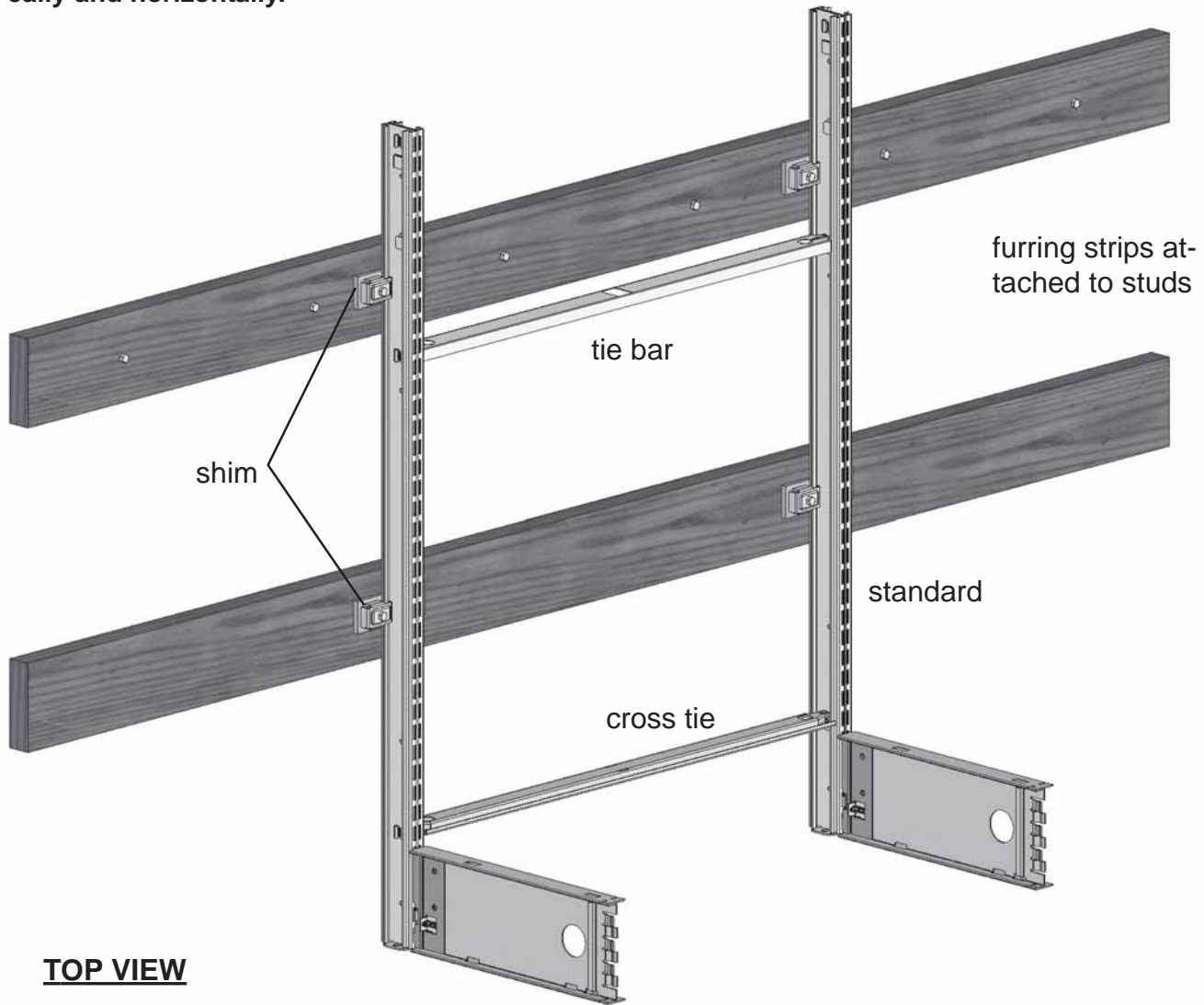
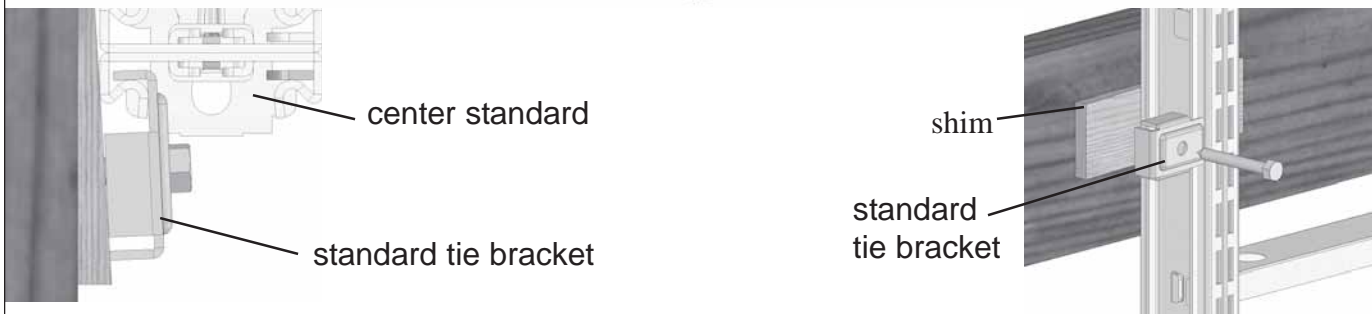


Start leveling from the high point on the floor and go out each way. Run must be level both vertically and horizontally.



TOP VIEW

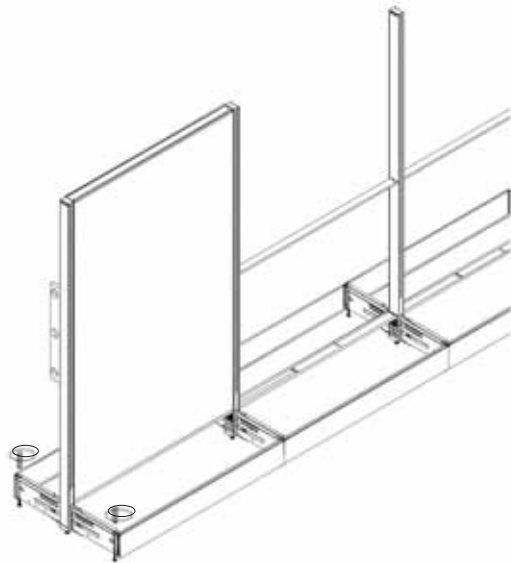
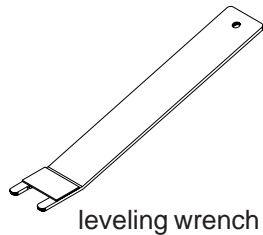


ATTENTION!

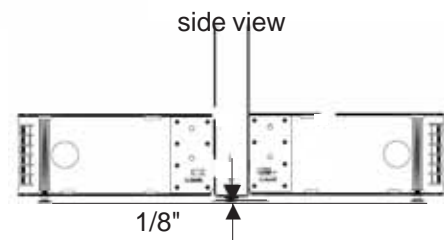
- 1.) Make sure wallcase is level and plum before anchoring to the wall.
- 2.) It is recommended to have a standard tie bracket 30"-36" from the floor when the standard is 108" or higher.
- 3.) Irregular walls and floors may make it necessary to shim beneath bottom arms and behind standards. After shimming, make sure bottom arms are square with standard and crosstie.
- 4.) Attach all units to the wall with standard tie bracket 10"-12" from the top of the standard
- 5.) Nails are not acceptable as fasteners for anchoring standards.

Leveling procedure important for a proper fit of shelving and accessories!

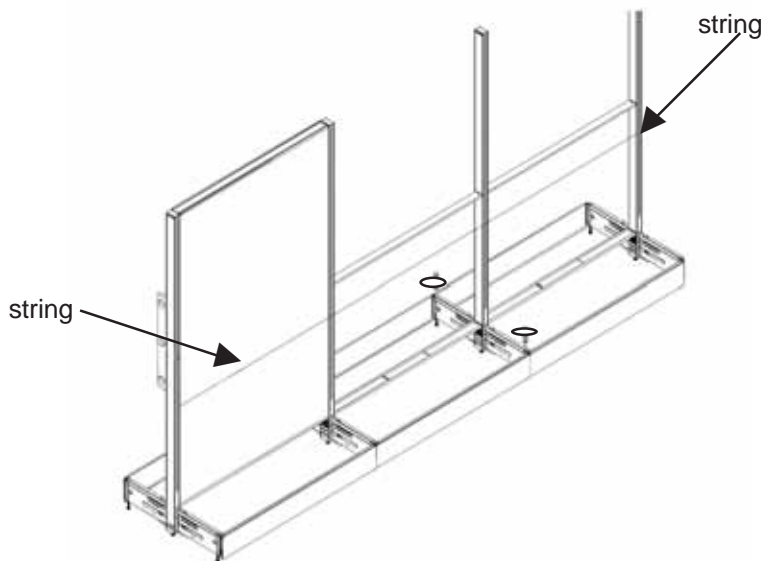
A.



Adjust levelers on both base brackets to the same height and make leveler on uprite 1/8" shorter so it does not touch the floor (see side view). Use a screwdriver on the base brackets and the leveling leg wrench on the uprites. Keep the uprites plumb. Check with a carpenter's level.
Caution: Do not extend base brackets leveling legs more than 1-1/2"



B.



Anchor a string in corresponding slots in end uprites. Be sure string is taut. Bring corresponding slots on inner uprites to string level by adjusting leveling legs. **Caution: Do not extend leveling legs more than 1-1/2" past the bottom of the uprite.**